

Source Reconstruction in MEG & EEG

~ *From Brain-Waves to Neural Sources* ~
Workshop

Karolinska Institutet
June 16th 2017

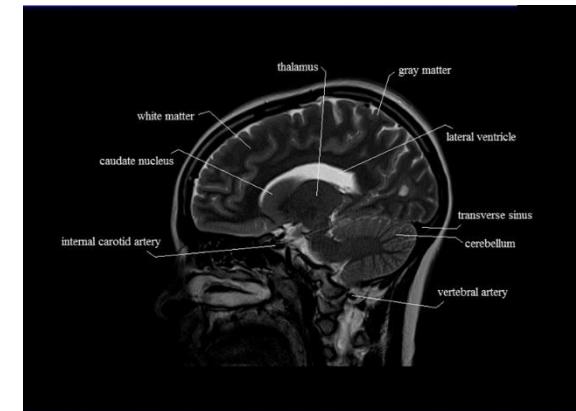
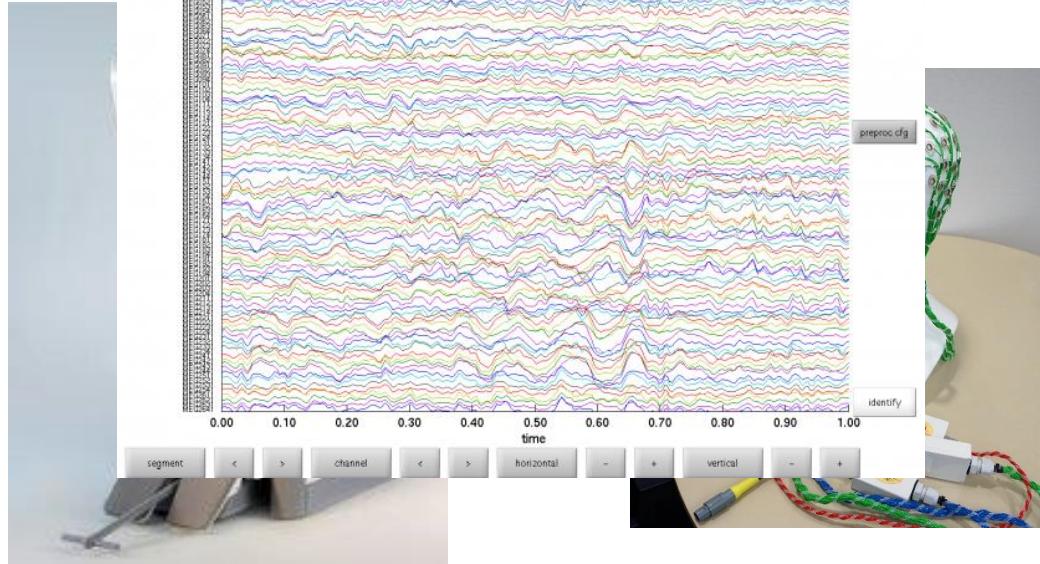
Program for today

- Intro
 - Overview of a source reconstruction pipeline
 - Overview of toolboxes
 - Quick intro to FieldTrip
- Dipole fit
- Minimum-Norm Estimates
- Beamformer

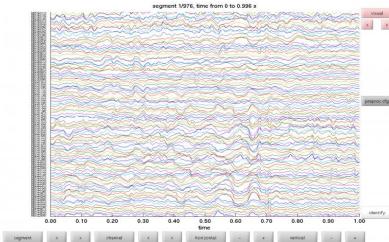
Overview of (a general) pipeline

Ingredients

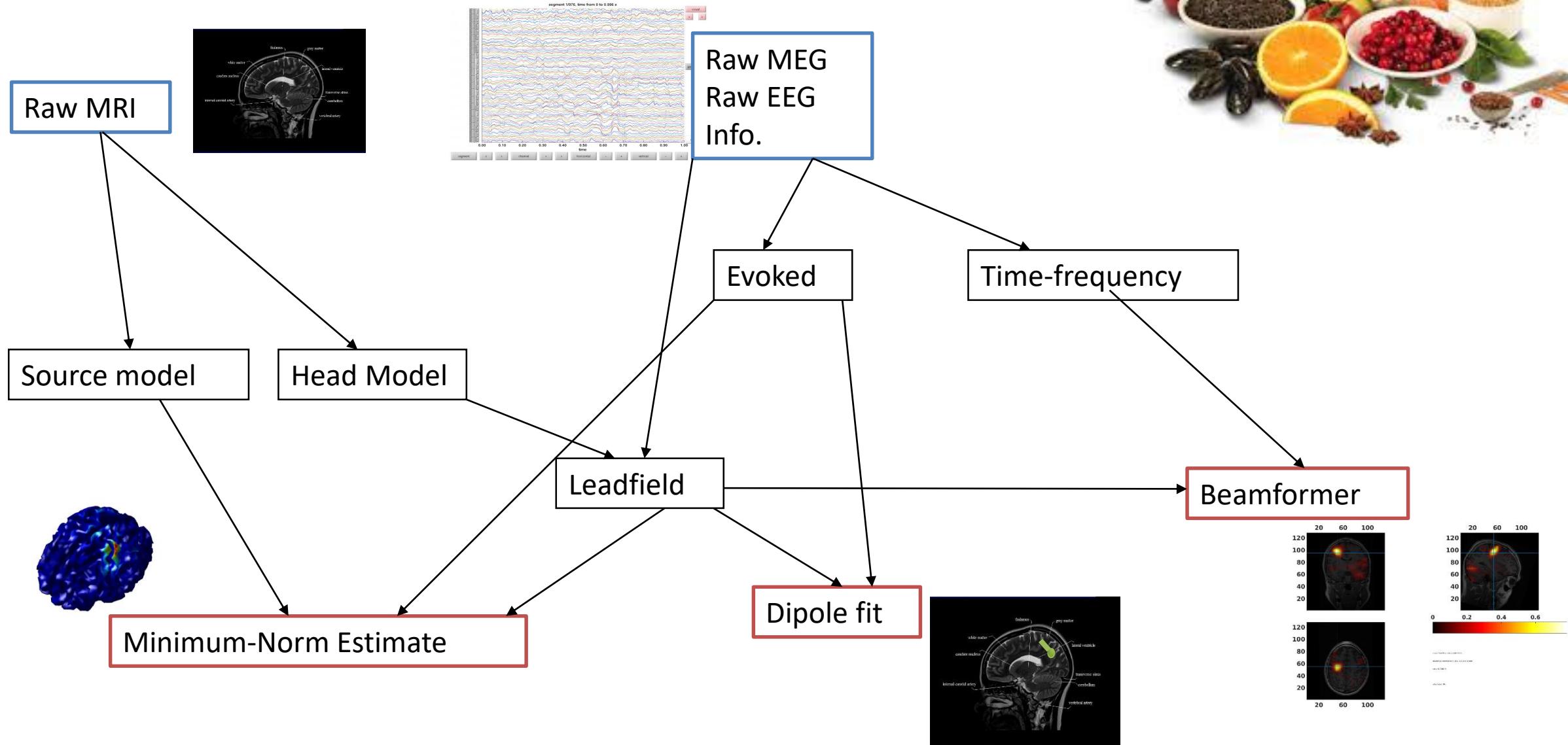
- MEG data
- EEG data
- Structural MRI



Procedure



Procedure



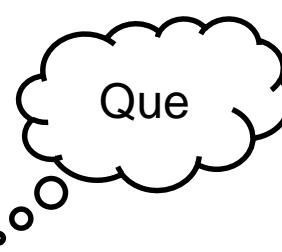
Procedure



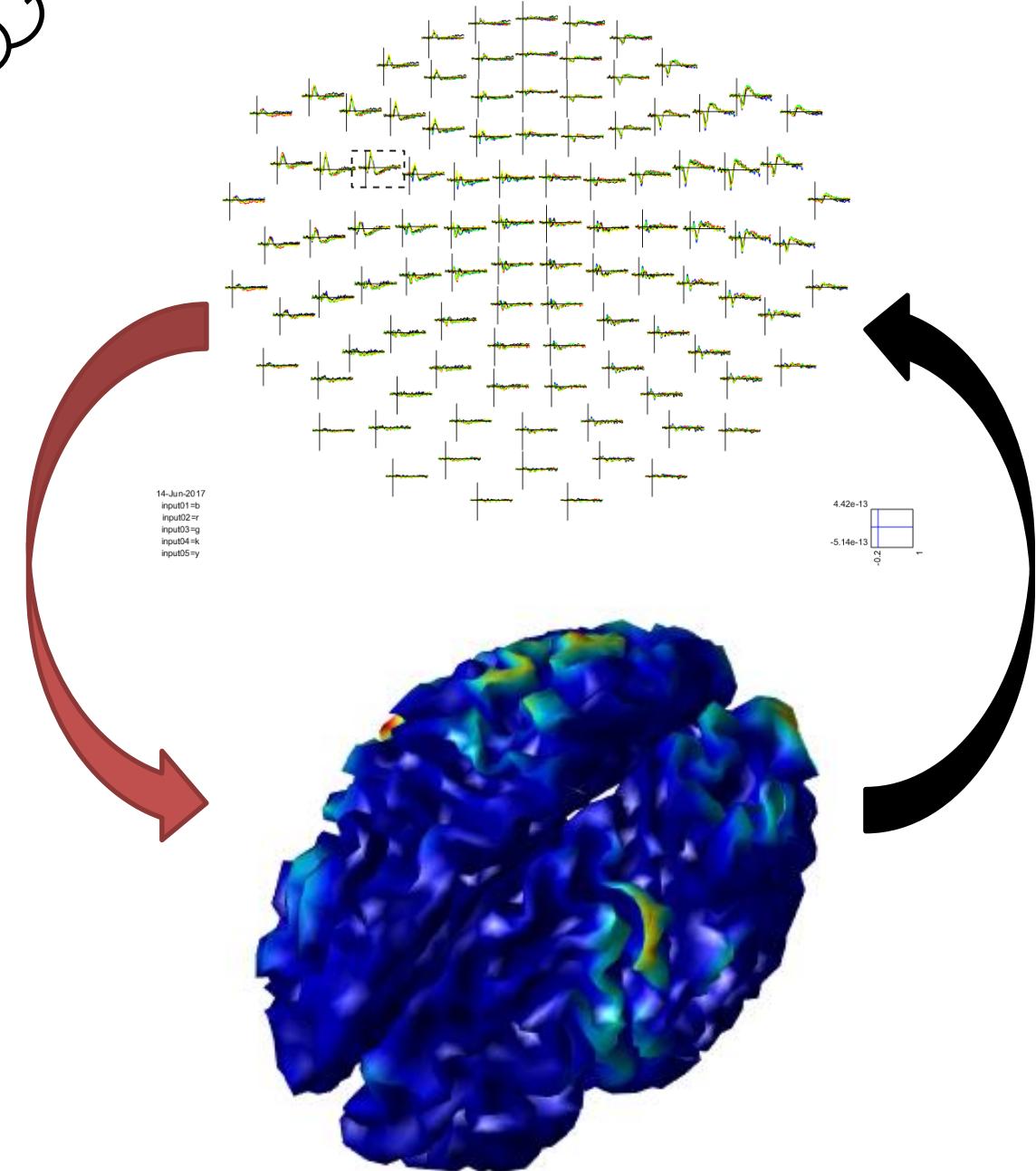
General steps

- **Process MEG/EEG data:** Extract relevant features/time-series
- **Process MRI data:** Create a volume model of the head
- **Make leadfield:** How to project from sensor to source
- **Do source inversion**

Quick terminology



- Sensor space
- Source space
- Source model
- Leadfield/Forward model
- Head model/volume model

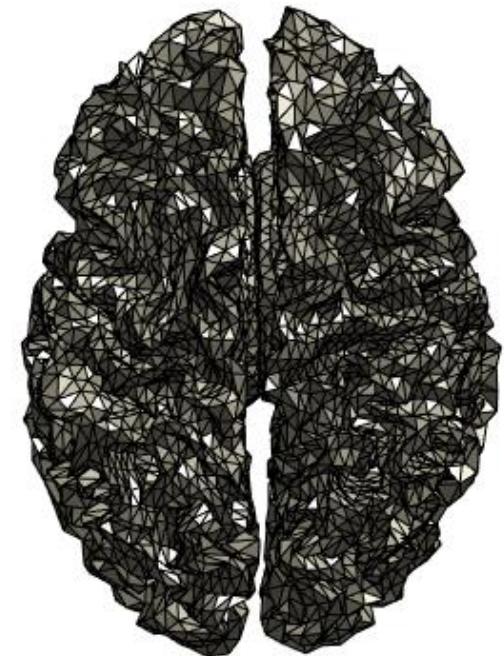
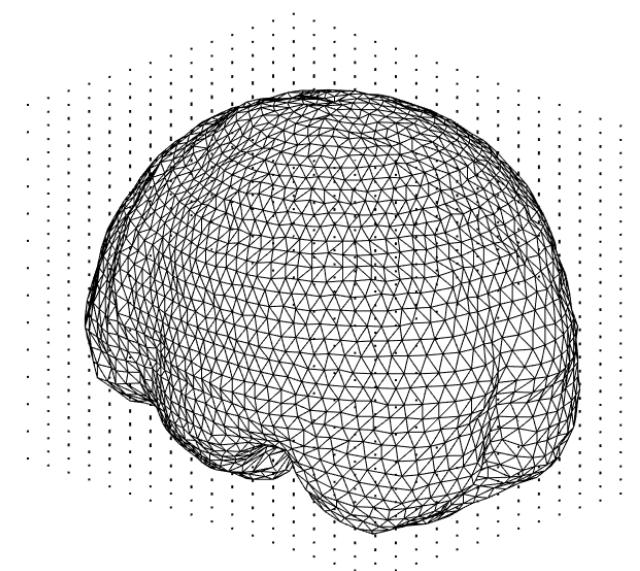
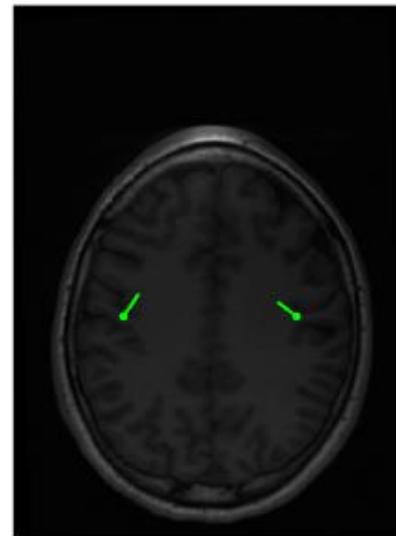
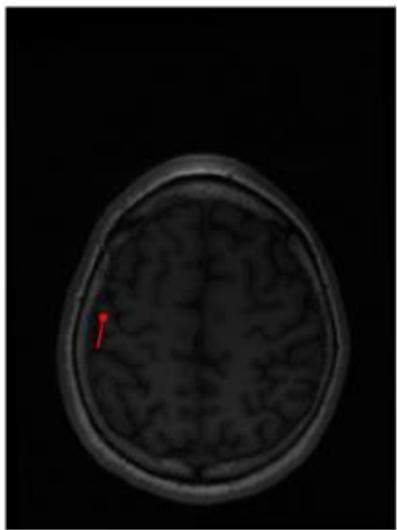


Source models

What we assume about the sources of the signals

Types of source models

- A single (or few) point(s)
- Evenly distributed
- Distributed according to anatomy



Doing source reconstruction

Where to start?

Toolboxes

Open source MATLAB toolboxes

- FieldTrip
- Brainstorm
- SPM
- EEGLab

Open source

- MNE/MNE-Python

Commercial software

- BESA
- Curry





Quick intro to FieldTrip

What is FieldTrip?

An open-source MATLAB toolbox for processing and analysing MEG and EEG data

- Data-processing
- Analysis of evoked and induced responses
- Source analysis
- Connectivity
- Statistics

References

- Oostenveld, R., Fries, P., Maris, E., & Schoffelen J-M (2011). “**FieldTrip: Open Source Software for Advanced Analysis of MEG, EEG, and Invasive Electrophysiological Data**”, *Computational Intelligence and Neuroscience*, vol. 2011,
- www.fieldtriptoolbox.org/references_to_implemented_methods

Set up FieldTrip

Download FieldTrip:

<http://www.fieldtriptoolbox.org/download>

- Sign up
- Find current date
- Download
- Put in easy to access folder

GitHub:

<http://github.com/fieldtrip/fieldtrip>

(use the version found with the workshop material)

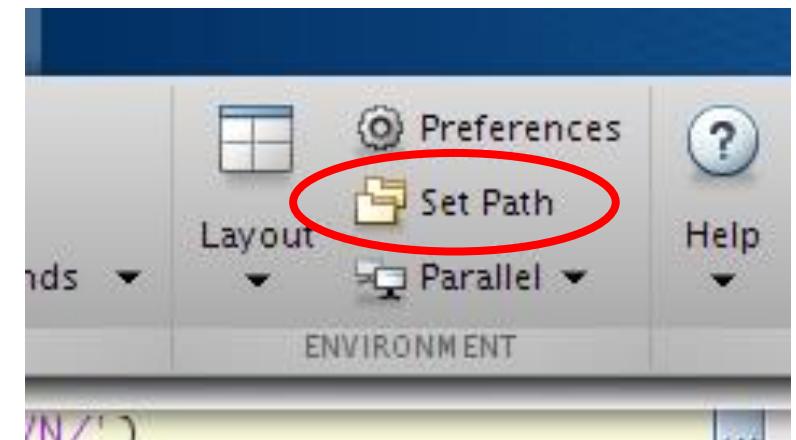
Set up FieldTrip

MATLAB

- `addpath '~/mypath/fieldtrip'`
- `ft_defaults`
- `cd '/my_working_directory'`

NB: If you have SPM as a default path, remove before setting up FieldTrip.

- `restoredefaultpath;`



FieldTrip functions

`data_out = ft_functionname(cfg)`

`data_out = ft_functionname(cfg, data_in, ...)`

“cfg” is configuration structure

`cfg.key1 = value1`

`cfg.key2 = value2`

...etc.

Need more help?

Get documentation for functions for help, cfg options, etc, use the help function in MATLAB:

➤ **help ft_functionname**

Online tutorial, examples and documentation:

<http://www.fieldtriptoolbox.org/>

FieldTrip data structures (example)

data =

hdr:	[1x1 struct]	<i>Header info</i>
label:	{306x1 cell}	<i>Channel names</i>
time:	{1x600 cell}	<i>Time axis for each trial</i>
trial:	{1x600 cell}	<i>Trial data [channels x timepoints]</i>
fsample:	200	<i>Sampling frequency (Hz)</i>
sampleinfo:	[600x2 double]	<i>[Start end] of each trial in raw data</i>
trialinfo:	[600x3 double]	<i>Trial bookkeeping</i>
grad:	[1x1 struct]	<i>Gradiometer positions, etc</i>
elec:	[1x1 struct]	<i>Electrode positions, etc</i>
cfg:	[1x1 struct]	<i>Previous configuration (for bookkeeping)</i>

What is in the data structures?

Data in the tutorial material

Head models

- Specifying what is brain, skin and skull of the subject

Timelocked data

- Brain activity that unfolds similarly *temporally* over many repetitions of a stimulation

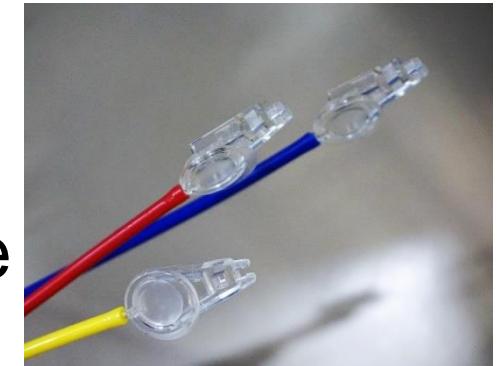
Time-frequency representations

- Brain activity that unfolds similarly in terms of *frequencies* over many repetitions of a stimulation

Description of data

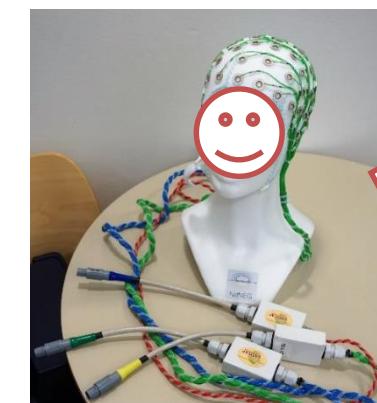
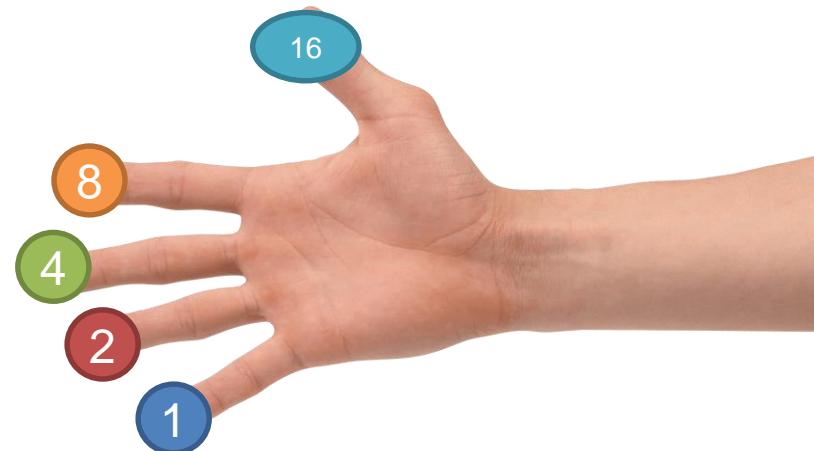
Taks

- Continuous tactile stimulation of all fingertips, one at the right hand with a constant frequency of 0.3 Hz



Recordings

- MEG and EEG recorded with a sample rate of 1 kHz.
- Structural MRI



Description of data

Pre-processing

- MaxFilter (MEG)
- Epoched relatives to triggers (1,2,4,8,16).
- Bad EEG channels identified, removed, and interpolated, then re-referenced to average of all channels.
- Bad trials containing artefacts removed.
- Independent component analysis (ICA) used to remove eye blinks and eye movements
- Downsampled

See tutorial ***Preprocessing MEG and EEG data***

Description of data

Timelocked by averageing all trials per condition from -0.2 s to 1.0 s relative to stimulation

- Low-pass filterd at 70 Hz
- Baseline corrected with baseline from -0.2 s to 0.0 s.
- Noise-covariance eastimated from baseline

See tutorial ***Preprocessing MEG and EEG data***

Warmup exercise

Let's get started...

What is in the data structures?

- Open MATLAB and setup FieldTrip
 - `addpath '~/mypath/fieldtrip'`
 - `ft_defaults`
- Change directory to the folder containing the data
 - `cd path`
- Open the file containing MEG and EEG data
 - `load timelockeds.mat`

What is in the data structure?

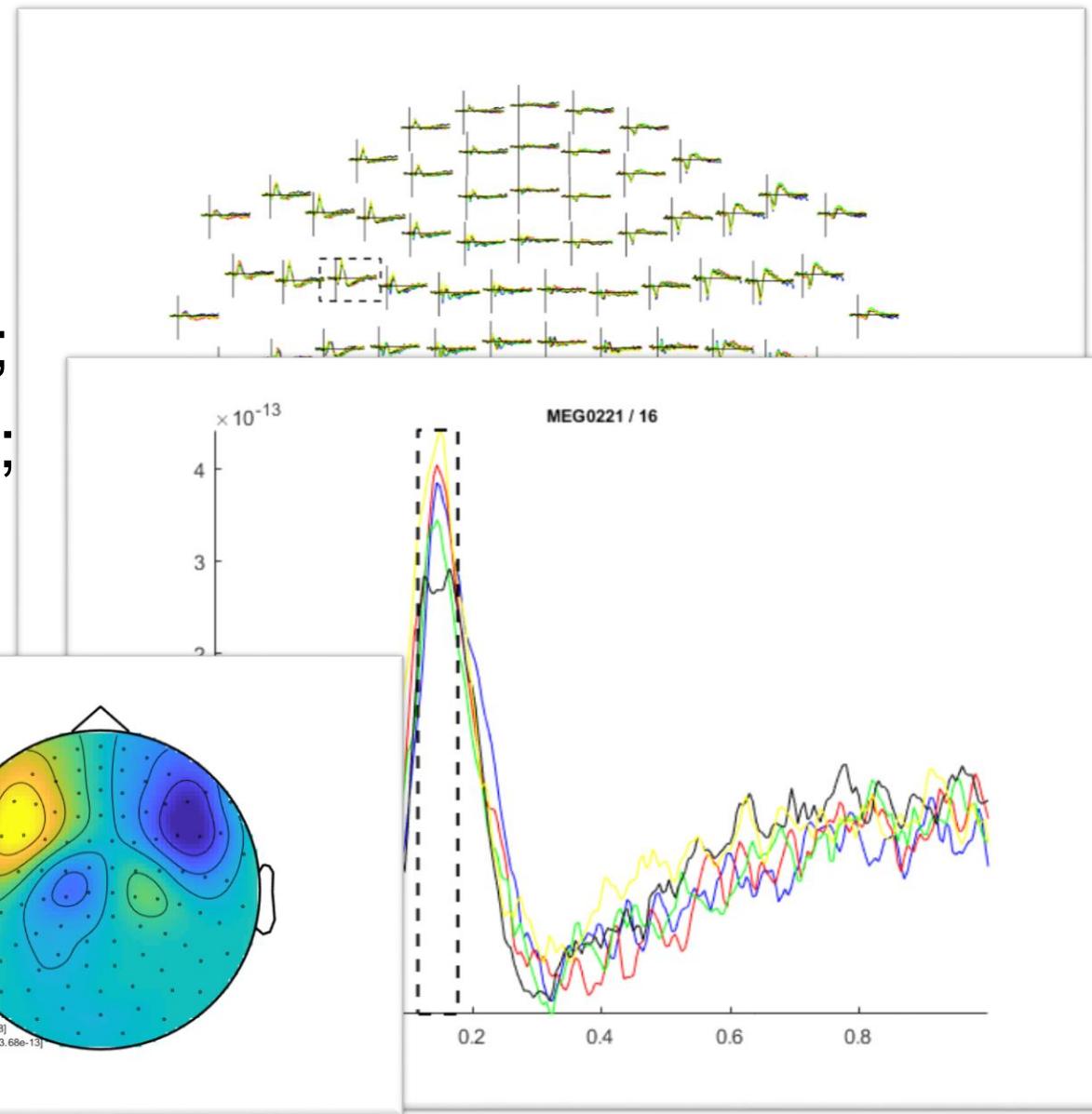
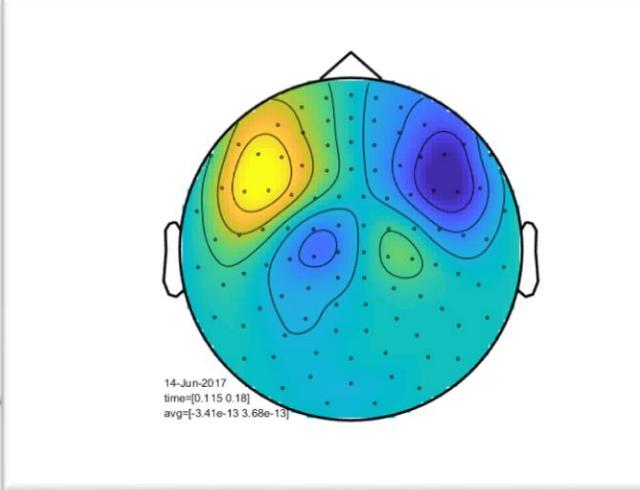
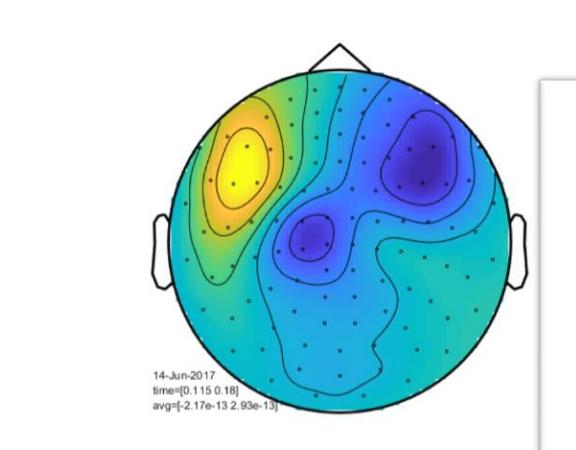
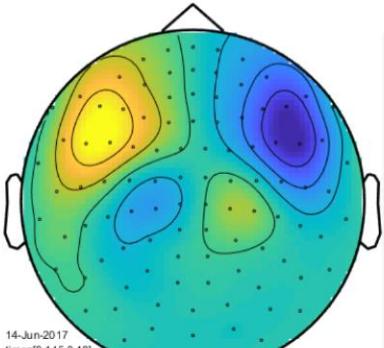
What is in the data structures?

timelocked{1} =	
avg:	[434×241 double]
var:	[434×241 double]
time:	[1×241 double]
dof:	[434×241 double]
label:	{434×1 cell}
dimord:	'chan_time'
cov:	[434×434 double]
elec:	[1×1 struct]
grad:	[1×1 struct]
cfg:	[1×1 struct]
	Averaged data per channel
	Variance
	labels for time axis
	"degrees of freedom"
	Channel names
	Dimension order of data (channels x time)
	Covariance
	Electrode positions
	Gradiometer positions
	Call to get this data structure.

What is in the data structures?

Look at the timelocked MEG data

- `cfg = [];`
- `cfg.layout = 'neuromag306mag.lay';`
- `ft_multiplotER(cfg, timelocked{::});`



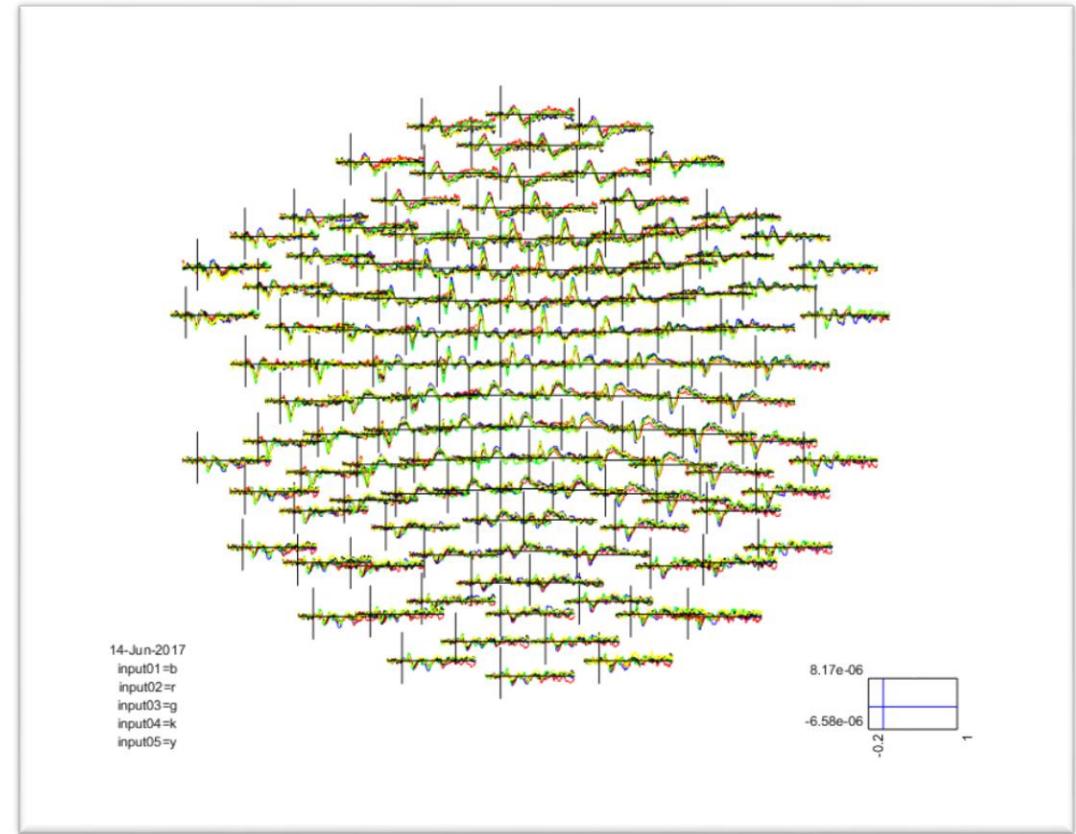
What is in the data structures?

Look at the timelocked MEG data

```
➤ cfg = [];
➤ cfg.layout = 'neuromag306mag.lay';
➤ ft_multiplotER(cfg, timelockeds{:});
```

Look at the timelocked EEG data

```
➤ cfg = [];
➤ cfg.layout = 'neuromag306eeg1005_natmeg.lay'
➤ ft_multiplotER(cfg, timelockeds{:});
```



Source reconstruction tutorials

Let's get started...

Source reconstruction tutorial

Go to the webpage:

natmeg.se/activities/source_reconstruction/workshop_material.html

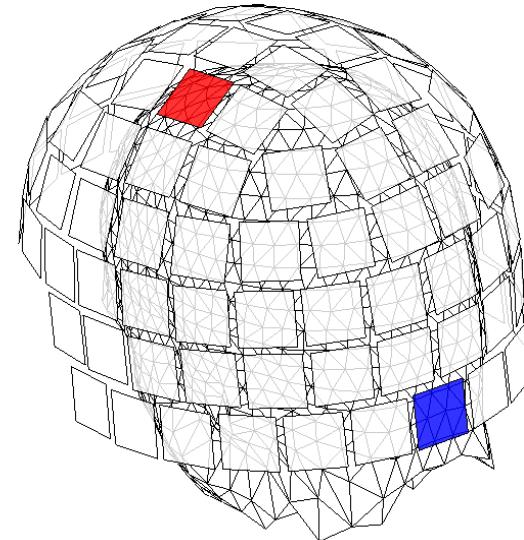
Tutorials

- [Pre-processing MEG and EEG data](#) (example)
- [Preparing headmodels from MRI](#) (example)
- [Dipole fit](#) Run
- [Prepare source model for MNE](#) (example)
- [Minimum-Norm Estimates](#) Run
- [Beamformer](#) Run

Preparing head models

Co-registering, preparing volume, etc.

HEAD MODEL: How was the brain positioned inside the scanner helmet and inside the head?



FieldTrip head model structures

headmodel =

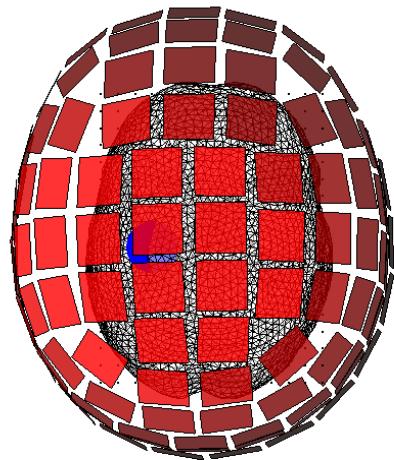
bnd:	[1x3 struct]	the boundaries of the tissues (skin, skull, brain)
cond:	[0.3333 0.0167 0.3333]	The conductivities of the different tissue
skin_surface:	3	which tissue is the skin
source:	1	which tissue is the brain
mat:	[1000x6000 double]	
type:	'bemcp'	the head model type
unit:	'mm'	the unit of the coordinates in the bnd
cfg:	[1x1 struct]	the configuration used

Leadfield

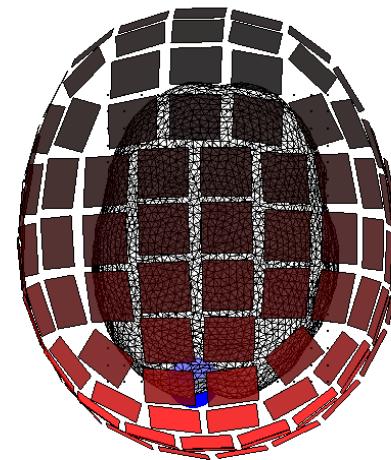
How do the sensors see the sources?

LEADFIELD: How *would* a sensor see a source *if it were active?*

"Tactile source"



"Occipital" source



FieldTrip leadfield/grid structures

leadfield/grid =

xgrid: [-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7]
ygrid: [-8 -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
zgrid: [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13]
dim: [14 18 14]
pos: [3528x3 double]
unit: 'cm'
inside: [3528x1 logical]
cfg: [1x1 struct]
leadfield: {1x3528 cell}

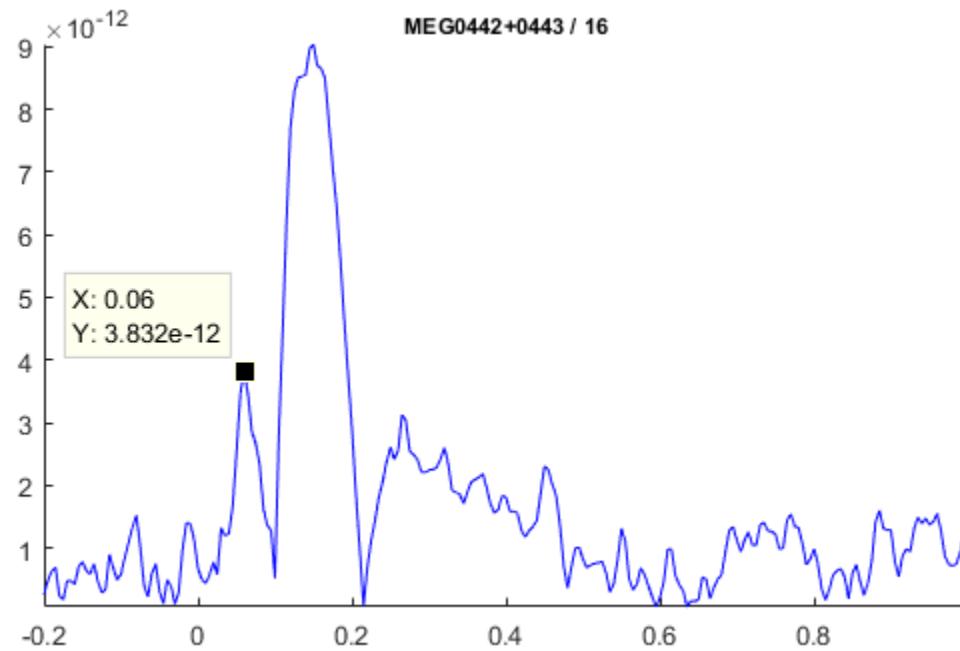
label: {102x1 cell}
leadfielddimord: '{pos}_chan_ori'

x coordinates for the grid of sources
y coordinates for the grid of sources
z coordinates for the grid of sources
xyz-dimensions
coordinates of the grid points
the unit
which points are inside the brain
the configuration used
the leadfields for each of the grid points, giving the field moment for each of the sensors in *label* below for a source with unit strength
the labels of the sensor
the dimension ordering of what is in the leadfield field

Evoked data

Pre-processing, clean, and average

EVOKED DATA: Time-locked activity



1. 0 msec is onset of stimulation
2. An average of ~150 trials
3. Two clear peaks showing activity that are stable across many trials

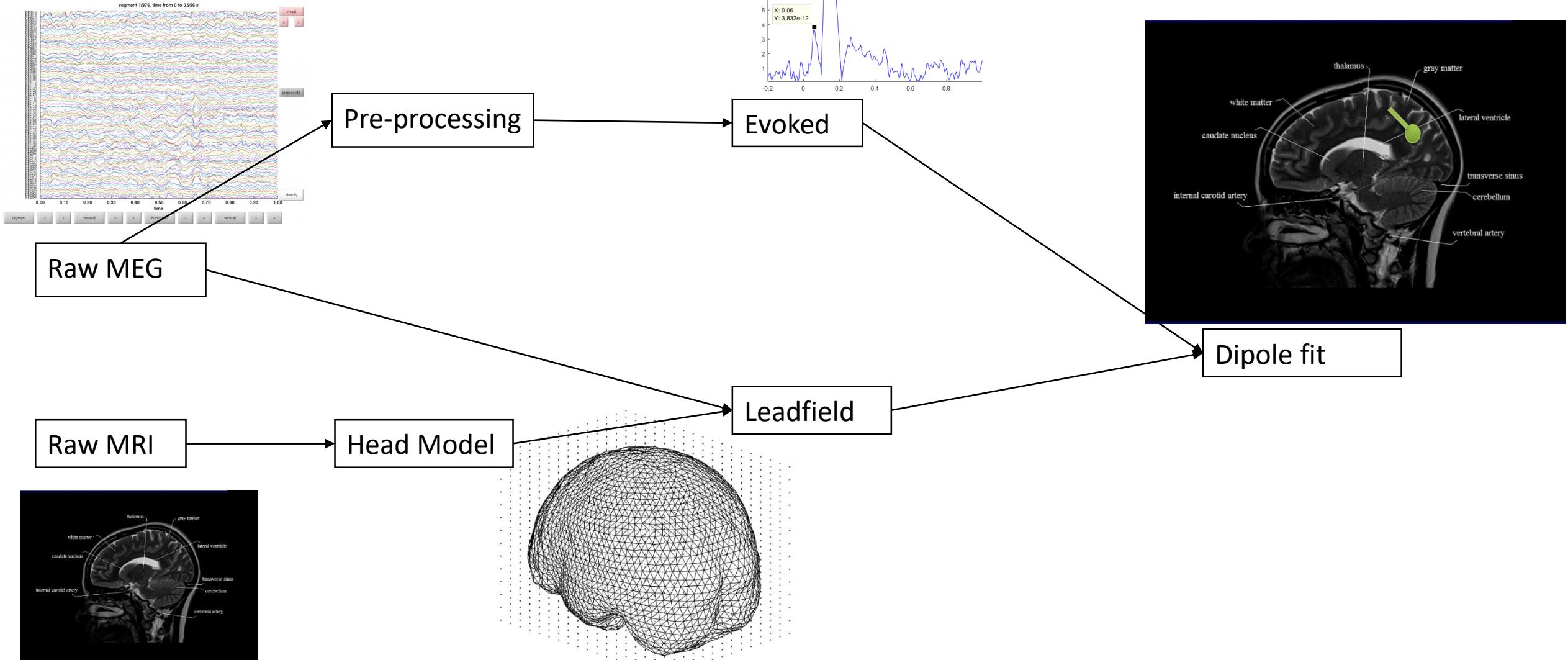
FieldTrip evoked structures

```
evoked =  
    avg: [434x241 double]    %% averages for chan_time  
    var: [434x241 double]    %% variance for chan_time  
    time: [1x241 double]     %% time points  
    dof: [434x241 double]    %% degrees of freedom  
    label: {434x1 cell}       %% labels of sensors  
    dimord: 'chan_time'      %% order of dimensions  
    cov: [434x434 double]    %% covariance between sensors  
    elec: [1x1 struct]        %% electrode specification  
    grad: [1x1 struct]        %% MEG sensor specification  
    cfg: [1x1 struct]         %% the configuration used
```

Dipole fits

Single source of peak activity

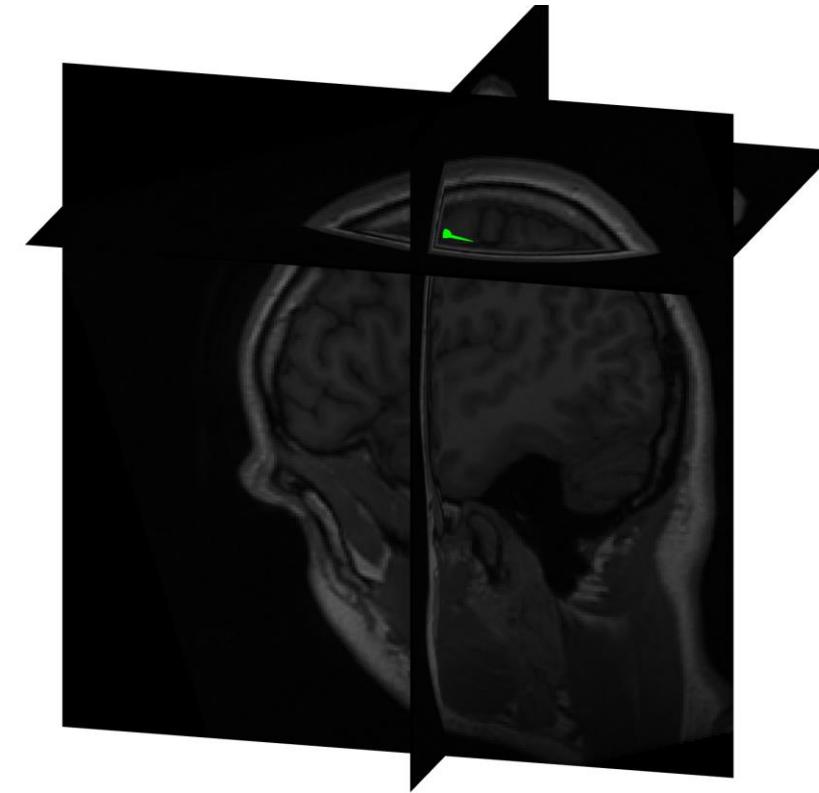
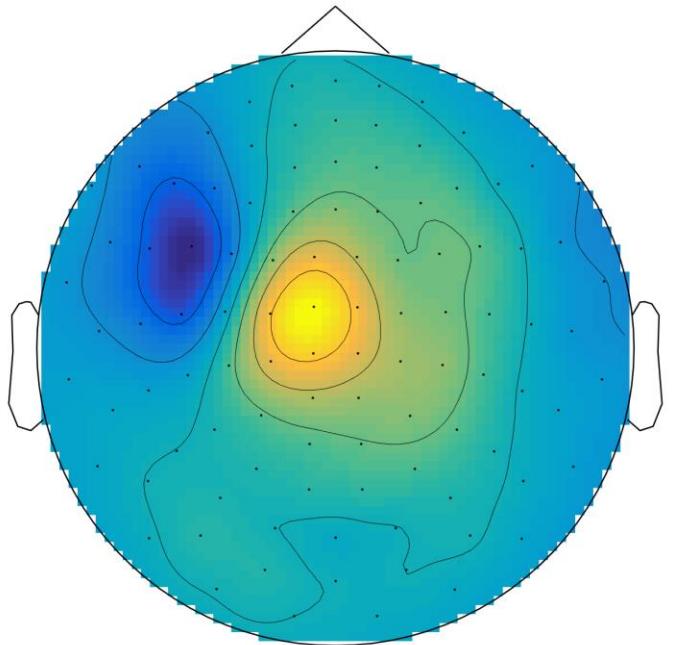
Overview of pipeline



```
cfg = [];
cfg.latency      = [0.040 0.060];           %% latency in sec
cfg.numdipoles   = 1;                      %% number of dipoles
cfg.gridsearch   = 'yes';                   %% whether to search for optimal starting position in grid
cfg.grid         = leadfield_mag;          %% the grid
cfg.headmodel    = headmodel_meg;          %% the head model
cfg.dipfit.metric = 'rv';                  %% the metric optimized (residual variance)
cfg.model        = 'regional';             %% the kind of model
cfg.senstype     = 'meg';                  %% sensor type
cfg.channel      = 'megmag';              %% sensor specification
cfg.nonlinear    = 'yes';                  %% whether the search is non-linear

dipole = ft_dipolefitting(cfg, timelocked_data);
```

Model the brain activity with a single or a few number of dipolar sources



FieldTrip dipole structures

```
dipole =  
label: {102x1 cell}      %% the labels of the sensors  
dip: [1x1 struct]        %% the dipoles  
Vdata: [102x5 double]    %% the data time courses  
Vmodel: [102x5 double]   %% the model time courses  
time: [0.1150 0.1200 0.1250 0.1300 0.1350] %% time points modelled  
dimord: 'chan_time'       %% order of dimensions  
cfg: [1x1 struct]         %% the configuration used
```

Minimum-Norm Estimates

Distributed source model

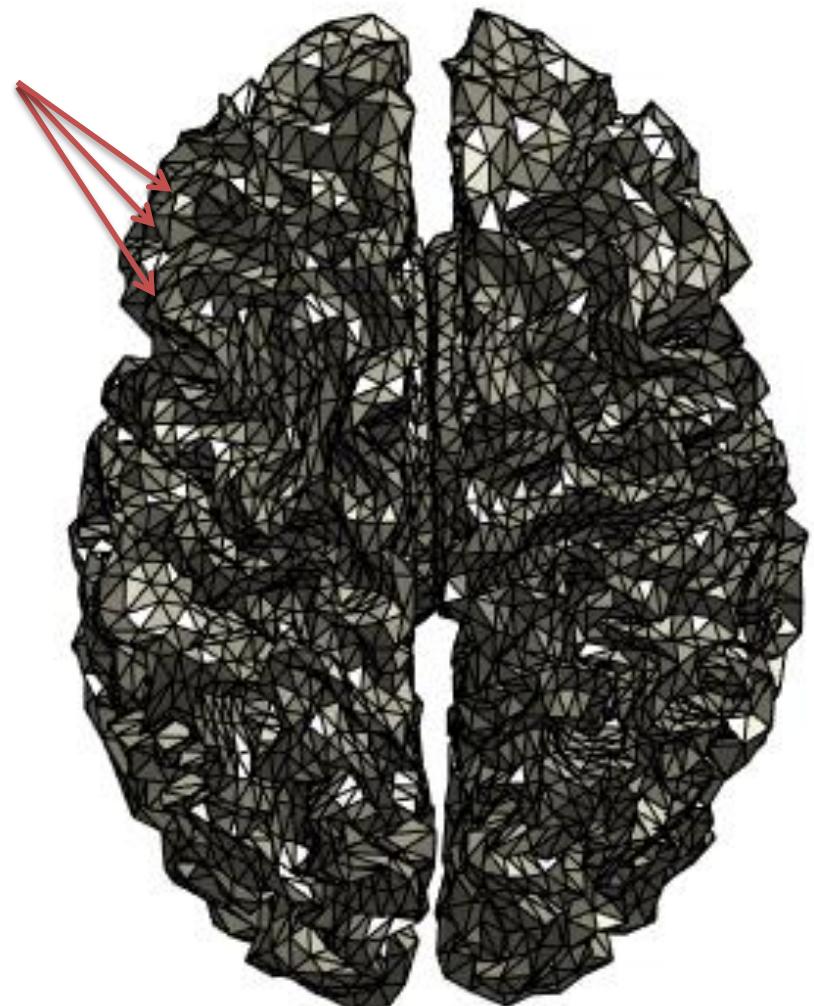
MNE

Distributed mesh of dipoles on cortical surface

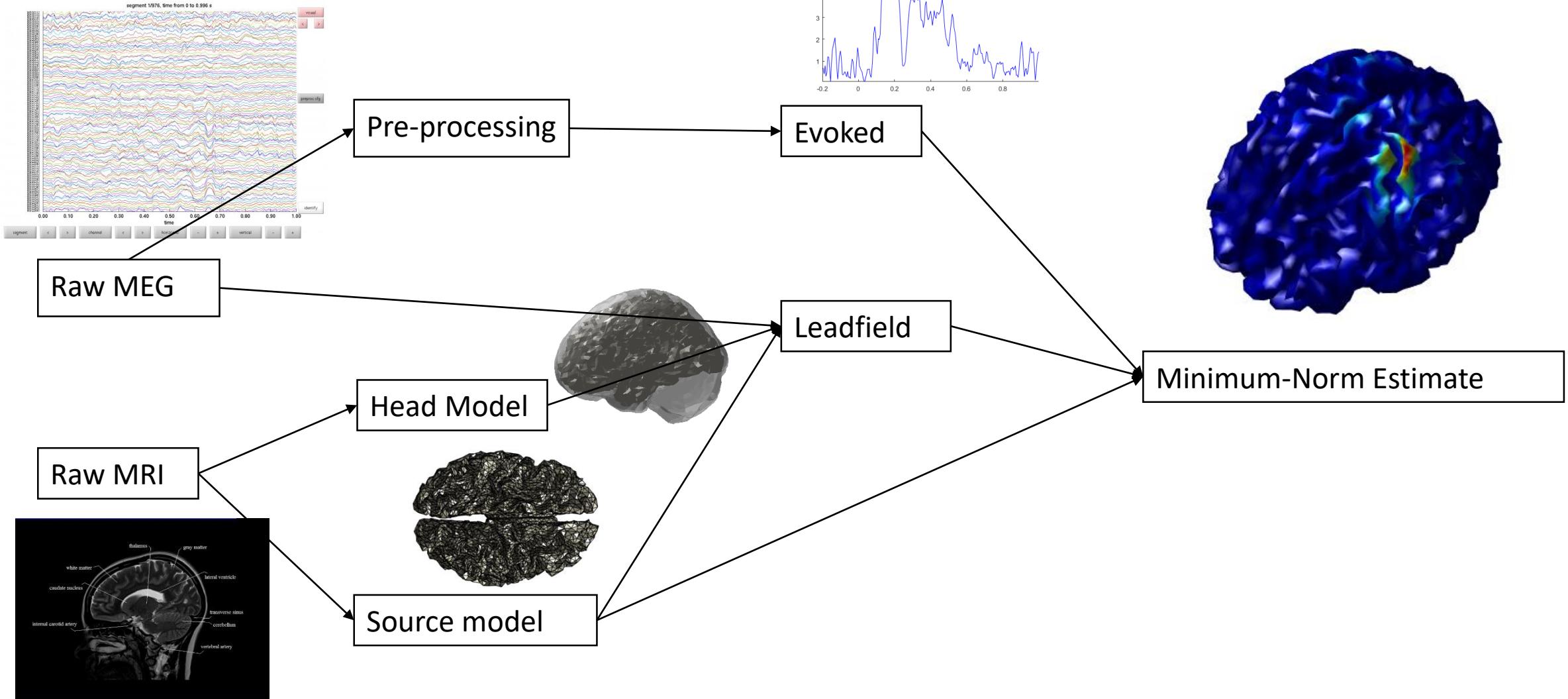
Find source activation pattern that minimises error with measured data

Not iterative

Each vertex represents a dipole



Overview of pipeline

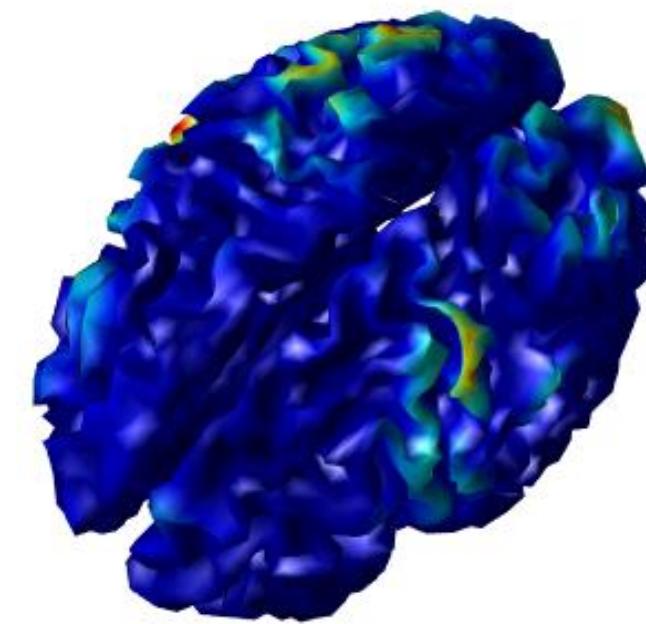
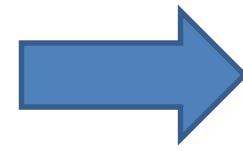
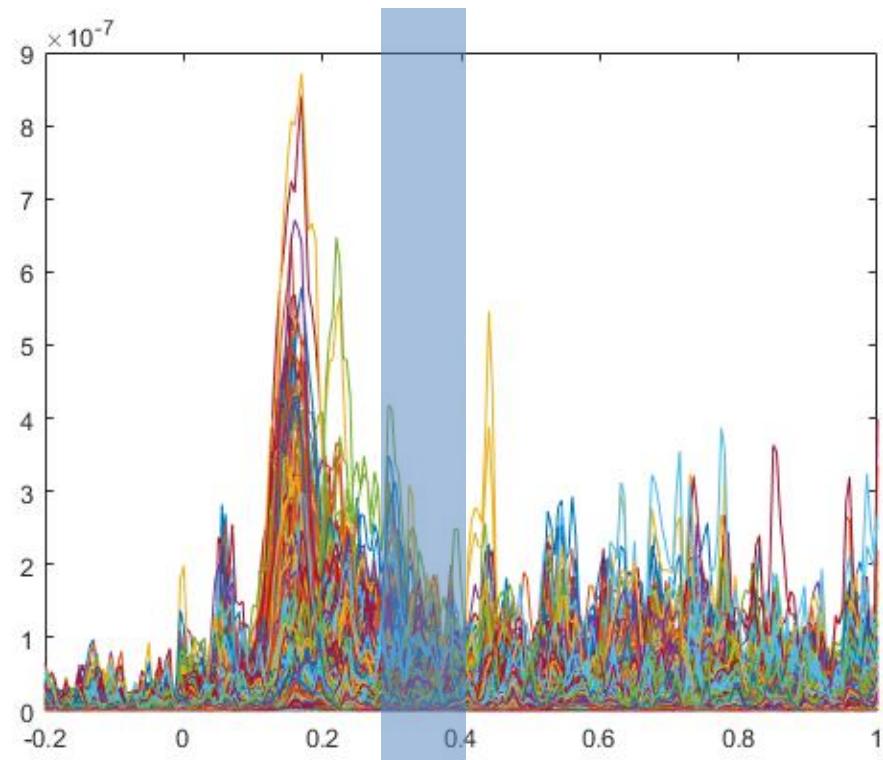


```
cfg = [];
cfg.grad = data_meg.grad; % sensor positions
cfg.channel = 'meggrad'; % the used channels
cfg.senstype = 'meg'; % Which sensor type?
cfg.grid.pos = sourcemodel.pos; % source points
cfg.grid.inside = 1:size(sourcemodel.pos,1); % all source points are inside the brain
cfg.headmodel = headmodel_mne_meg; % volume conduction model
```

leadfield_mne_meg = ft_prepare_leadfield(cfg, data_meg);

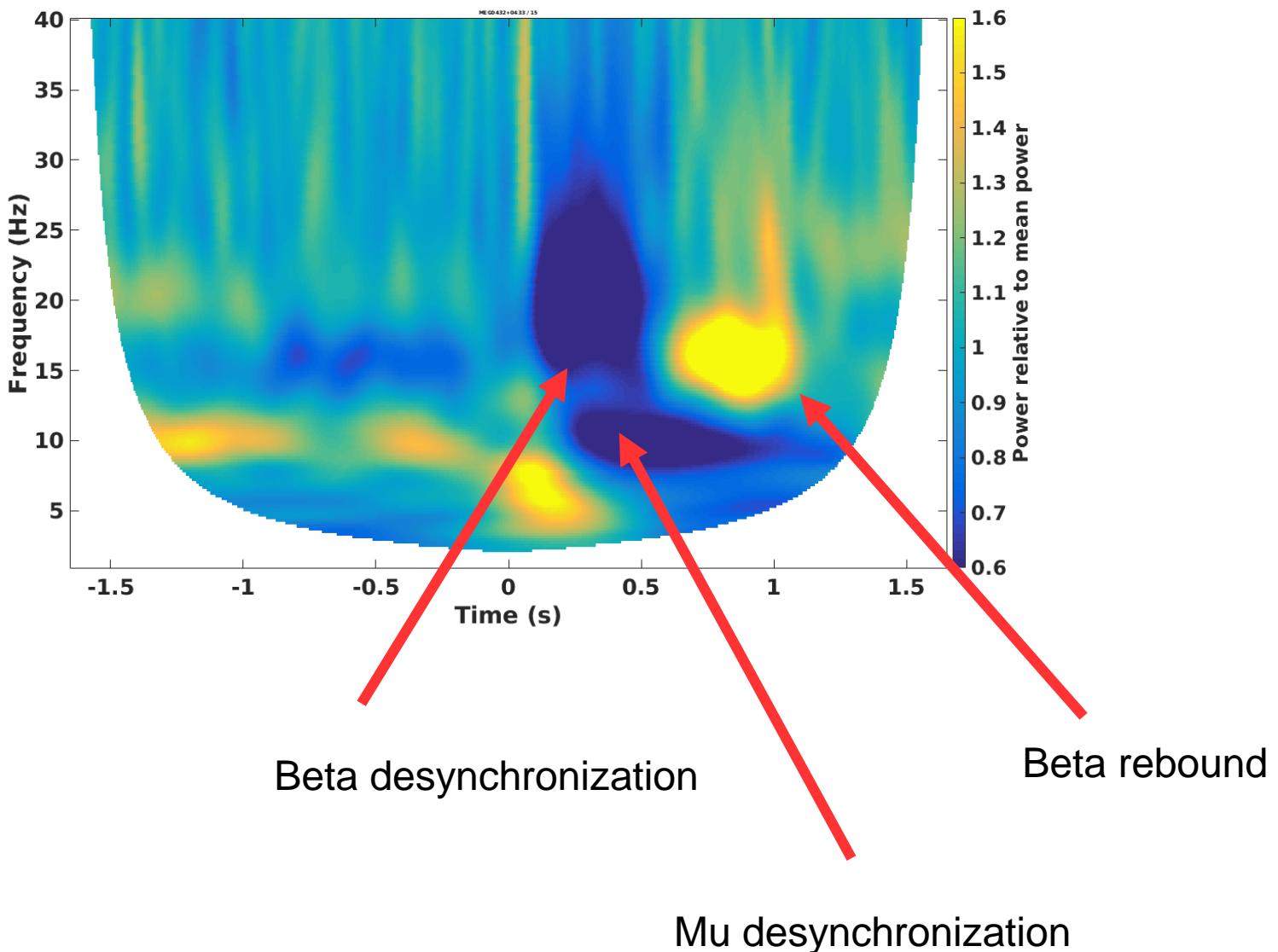
```
cfg = [];
cfg.method = 'mne'; % Tell to use MNE
cfg.channel = 'meggrad'; % the used channels
cfg.senstype = 'meg'; % Which sensortype?
cfg.grid = leadfield_mne_meg; % The leadfield
cfg.headmodel = headmodel_mne_meg; % The headmodel
cfg.mne.prewitlen = 'yes'; % If we should prewhiten the lead
cfg.mne.lambda = 3; % Scaling factor for noise (constant)
cfg.mne.scalesourcecov = 'yes'; % If we should scale?
```

```
source_mne_meg = ft_sourceanalysis(cfg, data_meg);
```



Time-frequency representation

Time varying power differences over different frequencies



FieldTrip tfr structures

tfr =

label:	{332x1 cell}	%% labels of sensors
dimord:	'chan_freq_time'	%% order of dimensions
freq:	[1x201 double]	%% frequencies represented
time:	[1x661 double]	%% time points
powspectrm:	[332x201x661 double]	%% power spectrum by channel x frequency x time points
elec:	[1x1 struct]	%% electrode specification
grad:	[1x1 struct]	%% MEG sensors specification
cfg:	[1x1 struct]	%% the configuration used

What is in the data structures?

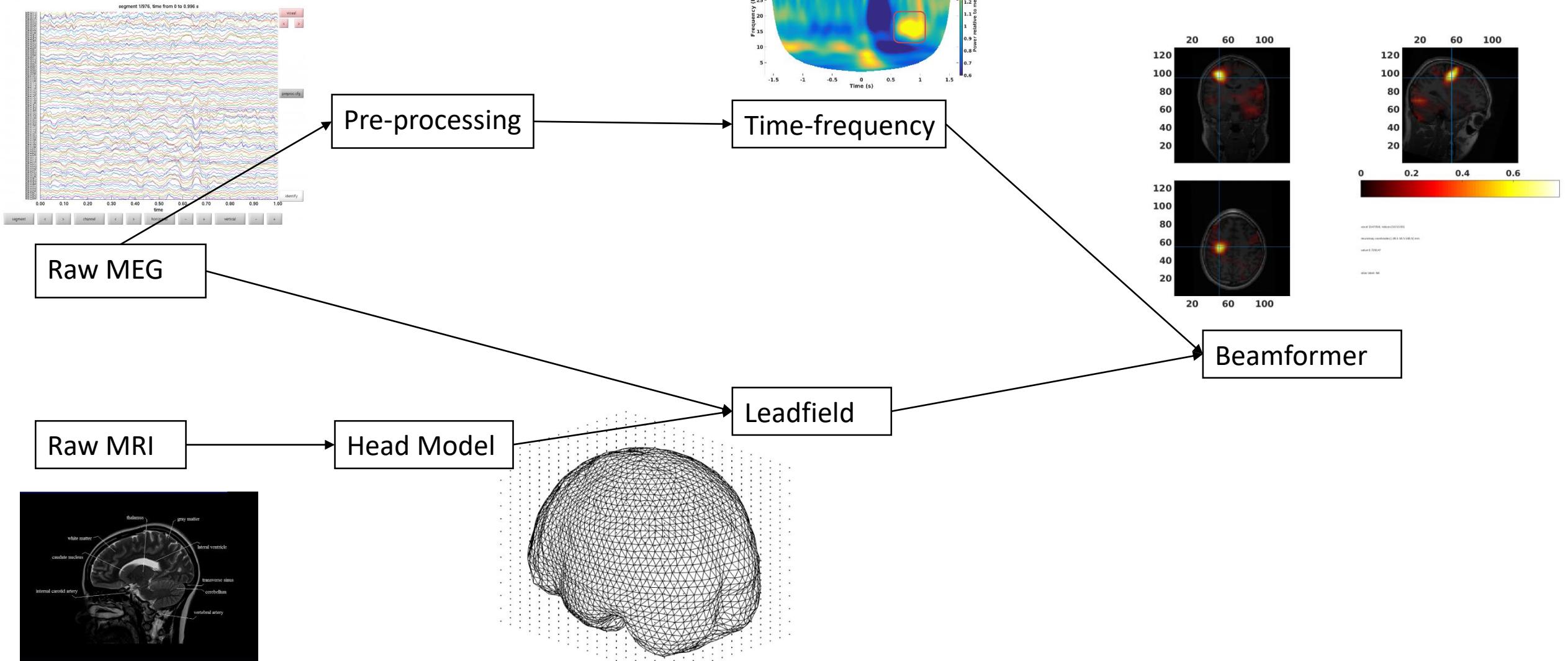
Look at the TFR data

```
➤cfg = [];
➤cfg.layout = 'neuromag306mag.lay';
➤cfg.baseline = [-inf inf];
➤cfg.baselinetype = 'relative';
➤ft_maniplotTFR(cfg, combined_tfrs{1});
```

Beamformer

Locating oscillating activity

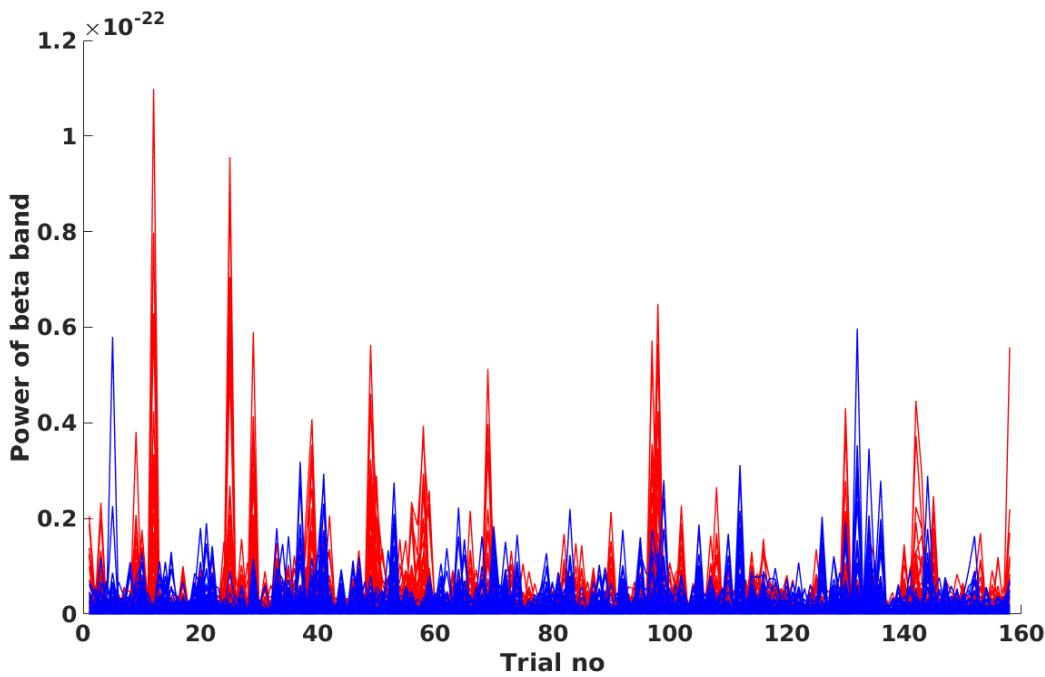
Overview of pipeline



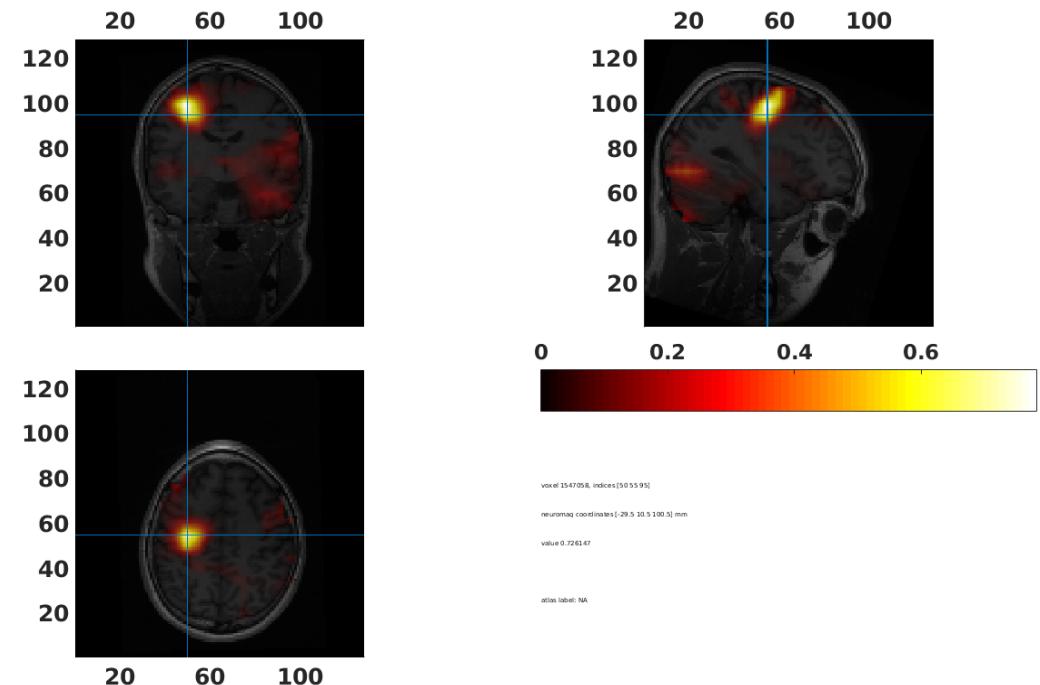
```
cfg = [];
cfg.method          = 'dics';           % Dynamic Imaging of Coherent Sources (Gross et al. 2001)
cfg.frequency      = freq;            %% the frequency from the Fourier analysis (16 Hz)
cfg.grid            = leadfield;       %% our grid and the leadfield
cfg.headmodel       = headmodel;        %% our headmodel (tells us how the magnetic field/electrical
                                         %% potential is propagated)
cfg.dics.projectnoise = 'yes';        %% estimate noise
cfg.dics.lambda     = '10%';           %% how to regularise
cfg.dics.keepfilter = 'yes';           %% keep the spatial filter in the output
cfg.dics.realfilter = 'yes';           %% retain the real values
cfg.channel         = channels;
cfg.senstype        = sensor_type;
cfg.grad            = baseline_data.grad;
cfg.elec            = baseline_data.elec;

beamformer = ft_sourceanalysis(cfg, frequency_data);
```

Estimate the power for all the channels and each trial for a given band



Reconstruct the origin of these power changes in the brain



FieldTrip dipole structures

```
beamformer =  
freq: 15.6250          %% frequency reconstructed  
cumtapcnt: [316x1 double] %% ??  
dim: [14 18 14]          %% dimension of the grid  
inside: [3528x1 logical] %% which grid positions are inside the brain  
pos: [3528x3 double] %% grid point positions  
method: 'average'        %% method used  
avg: [1x1 struct]         %% the averages  
cfg: [1x1 struct]         %% the configuration used
```